Δnn	Annexure - Inputs pertaining to the RFP for Selection of Investment Advisor to OIC PF Trust						
_			l Company Private Limited	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
		2-Feb-18					
	dline		14.30 Hrs				
Dea	AIIIIC	12-1 05-10	14.00 1113		T		
Elig	bility Criteria fo	or Tender Proce	SS				
SN	Item	Benchmark in the Current Process	Queries	Submission	OIC PF TRUST Reply		
1	License	Investment Adviser 2013	SEBI Investment Advisers License is the lowest level of license for such services SEBI Portfolio Managers' License has much higher regulatory guidelines and compliance norms  The service availed by OIC PF over the 9 years, especially in equities has been veering towards non-discretionary portfolio management services and not merely investment advisory services, which has contributed towards the trust becoming one among the best-in-class Retiral Trusts in the country.  The trust should in fact make it a necessary eligibility condition for the bidder to have a Portfolio Managers' License to be eligible for the process  If the Trust wishes to allow Investment Advisor License holders in the process the scoring should reflect the significant difference in the nature of these licenses, with PMS guidelines having much higher benchmarks including capital, SEBI reporting and scrutiny among others. Further, there is a dichotomy in the process because there is a higher score awarded for a service provider rendering Portfolio Management Service yet in the eligibility criteria for the process PMS License is excluded. How is this possible?	5 for PMS 1 for IA	As per our understanding Investment Advisory Services and Portfolio Management Services are two different things. Previous to Investment Advisory license, there was no specific license under which Investment Advisory Services were covered. In 2013 SEBI has come up with the license Specific to the Investment Advisory Services.  As we are looking only for Investment Advisory Services—we are looking for eligible Investment Advisor as per SEBI Investment Advisory License & Credible players providing Investment Advisory Services.  Trustees decision with regard to investments will be final SEBI as a regulator is the authority of issuing license. Investment Advisory is governed & regulated by SEBI and we are following the same		

2 Minimum Net Worth		It Is surprising that for the above eligibility criteria the benchmark is set at the lowest level and for this eligibility criteria of Minimum net worth it is 40 times the stipulation as per the license mentioned above. What is the rationale for the same?  While we are well above this benchmark, this is merely a feedback based on the observations herein.		There is difference between the Stipulation amount required for getting the License and the Net worth. These are two different things  Anyone who is providing the Investment Advisory Services will definitely be meeting the Stipulation amount  We have kept a nominal Net worth Criteria, so that there can be wider participation
Minimum AUM from Retirement Trust Funds		The AUAM of the service provider may not be less than at least 10 times that of the trust. What is the rationale for the same?	more than 10 times that of the Trust's Corpus	participation. For evaluation criteria appropriate scores have been assigned for higher AUM
	Advisor/Group Company should not have been blacklisted by any PSU/Central Level undertaking/St ate Level		sought pertaining to group companies or any other entity.	We only want to deal with investment Advisor/group/entity/parties that are reputed & credible. Also, these are CVC guidelines which we have to abide by. This is non-negotiable. This reflect on our reputation and credibility
Research Team	Should have Technical & Fundamental research Team		-	<del>-</del>

6	Minimum Experience as Investment Advisor to Retirement Funds		Considering that the OIC PF Trust has itself benefitted from availing Investment Advisory Services over the past decade and also the fact that any service provider with as low as 3 years of experience would not have withered the favorable as well as unfavorable cycles of the market, the Trust may revise this limit upwards to 10 years minimum experience of service rendered to Retiral Funds. Why is the benchmark so low, even below what has been availed by the OIC PF Trust itself?	Advisor to Retirement Funds of 10 years.	3 years of work experience is required.  How we can ask for experience greater than License regulation date?
7		Analysts/ Advisors	These submissions are not relevant and hence may not considered.  Does this pertain to only the personnel catering dedicatedly to Retirement benefits Trusts? If not, Why?	Investment Advisory services to Retirement Benefits Funds should be of 10 members with requisite certifications	Retirement Trust Fund

Elig	Eligibility Criteria for Opening of Financial Bid						
SN		Benchmark in the Current Process		Submission	OIC PF TRUST Reply		
	Minimum Score on Technical Bid		-	-	-		
Bid	Evaluation Crite	eria					
SN	Item	Benchmark in the Current Process	Queries	Submission	OIC PF TRUST Reply		
1	Separate Legal entity for Investment Advisory		SEBI is very clear with regards to the Segregation of businesses in the context of the services required by OIC PF Trust.  This is achieved through the mandatory strict Chinese walls.  All teams whether a part of the same entity or a part of the group should adhere to these rules of Chinese walls.  This structure is immaterial unless the underlying principle is implemented. Recognizing this, SEBI has issued a consultation paper recently wherein it specifies that over 15% cross shareholding may not meet their Chinese walls criteria.  Why is this requirement present, despite SEBIs clear guidelines of segregation of businesses?		In line with SEBI investment Advisory License requirement and to follow the industry best practice – Advisors having Separate Legal entity for Investment Advisory services are required.  The structure is material. Therefore we have asked for detailed corporate profile and have given significant weightage to entity structure, principles followed, risk governance & Management, group/entity rating and independent directors. This reflects on the group/entity investment risk management & philosophy,		
2	SEBI IA License		Detailed Comments provided in table above for eligibility criteria.  Why is the PMS License not Scored here but scored elsewhere for Equity PMS?	5 for PMS 1 for IA	Already addressed		
3	Independent legal/complianc e/Back office team	Yes - 5	-	-	-		

	Whether the entity has been blacklisted from any PSU/State level undertaking/Ce ntral level undertaking/Re gulator or any disciplinary action pending against them		It is redundant to retain this parameter in the technical Criteria with scoring it is already an eligibility criteria.  Why is this parameter being repeated twice despite there being no degrees of variation in the answer and hence not meriting a scoring?	technical requirements	Already addressed – this is non-negotiable – we only want to deal with reputed and credible players
Ę	Group Risk Management Structure and Policy	– 2 Type of Policy - 3	This is achieved through the mandatory strict Chinese walls and the concept of Separately identifiable Department (as described by SEBI).	assigned based on number of years for which the policy for the service in question was has been in existence: 10+ years - 5 score 7+ years - 3 score 5+ years - 1 score <5 years - 0 score	

6	Group - Net	500 Crs - 5	The detailed comment pertaining to SEBI mandated Chinese	This need not be a technical	Already addressed
6		300 - 500 Crs - 3 100 - 200 Crs - 2 0 - 100 Crs - Ineligible	The detailed comment pertaining to SEBI mandated Chinese walls and irrelevance of group company submissions is as above for reference.  Further, as per SEBI guidelines, no guarantee of returns, performance or principal invested is permissible under these licensed by the service provider. Hence the entire risk is borne by the trust.  In this context, scoring a group net worth of more than 2000 times and 1200 times the SEBI requirement as 5 and 3 respectively is a benchmark which is excessively high.	parameter with scoring.	Already addressed
			Further, the net worth of only the entity providing the service is relevant and is already an eligibility criteria.  The scoring should be intended to rank the service provided by various bidders.  Why is the data pertaining to the Group Net Worth material to the process, given the above context?		
	credit rating of	A+ and below - 2		as it is irrelevant for the service in question	Only want to deal with entity that are reputed and can be trusted.
8	Listed/Non- listed			as it is irrelevant for the service to be provided.	Listed entities are transparent, frequently audited and results are published on time. Just to ensure that the entity/advisor is functioning is extreme transparent manner. Also, this criteria is not a mandatory criteria.  As the entire risk is borne by trust – trust want to be extremely conservative and does not want to compromise on any these important criteria

	profitability at Group Level	crs - 2.5 Else – 1 Profit > 100 Crs - 2.5 Else - 1	The detailed comment pertaining to SEBI mandated Chinese walls and irrelevance of group company submissions is as above for reference. Hence submissions pertaining to group entities is not relevant for service in question.  Further, as per SEBI guidelines, no guarantee of returns, performance or principal invested is permissible under these licensed by the service provider. Hence the entire risk is borne by the trust. Hence the relevance of this parameter is also limited for the service in question.  Why is the data pertaining to size of the Group in terms of Revenue and Profits material to the process, given the above context?	as it is irrelevant for the service in question.	
			Why is the data pertaining to the Group material to the process, given the above context?	-	To ensure that quality of the Top management and independent directors to ensure that no malpractices prevail at the organizational level
	Advisory Entity    Board composition and members profile	Independent Investment Advisory Board of Advisory entity – 5Marks, otherwise 1 mark		members are not ŚEBI compliant must render such service providers to be Ineligible	
12	Equity & Equity PMS	No - 1	We request for clarity on what is the meaning of "Equity" in the phrase 'Equity' and 'Equity PMS.  This is a dichotomy in the process because there is a higher score awarded for a service provider rendering Portfolio Management Service yet in the eligibility criteria for the process PMS License is excluded. How is this possible?		This means returns of recommended Equity & Equity PMS by the Investment Advisor

	REITS & Real Estate Funds		Please clarify the meaning of this parameter.  Why is the weight age so high for a parameter which is barely 1-2% of the portfolio and why is the focus not on Fixed income and equity which constitutes over 95% of the portfolio?		REITS: Real Estate Investment Trusts – trust can make upto 5% of the incremental investment in this category. Please refer the Ministry of Finance Investment Pattern for details
		Yes – 5 No - 1			
		Yes – 5 No - 1	Please elaborate on the meaning of this parameter.	Further clarity is necessary	Portfolio consisting of bonds
F F C C C F F C C C F F C C C F F C C C F F C C C F F C C C F C C C F C C C F C C C C F C	Technical Research Capability: a. Fixed Income b. Equity c. Currency d. Commodity Fundamental Research Capability: a. Fixed Income b. Equity c. Equity c. Individual Stock Coverage Reports c. Currency d. Commodity	5 Else - 1	assets.  95% of portfolio is driven by fixed income research  Further, the research view is the most crucial output of the	but veracity and correctness of research is to be included.  Due weightage given to be given to fixed income as opposed to various other related and unrelated market segments.	which we operate is also very dynamic. Over the last couple of years the Investment pattern has gone through significant changes, today trust can invest in bonds, equity, REITs, Asset Backed Securities. Therefore the Quality of research across the asset class becomes very important.

17	For calculation above the last year 20 bp investment & above yield on that 10 bp investment will be taken, scoring will be as follow:  300 b above 150 b above 100	above c + 60 bps e Gsec + cs - 4 e Gsec + cs - 3 e Gsec + cs - 2 ty Returns e Nifty +	In principle, returns generated above Gsec + 60 bps deserves full marks and this is perfectly fine with us as well.  However, the service in question is not the same as that of a managed product. Hence returns of a managed product is not a relevant criteria.  A service provider who is good with a managed product need not necessarily have the credentials required to service OIC PF trust in the capacity as sought by the trust through this process.  Hence the question remains as to which returns should be submitted herein - returns of all portfolios advised by the service provider or only the top performing portfolio?	service provider is however, in light of t highlighted, further required.	necessary	client alongwith the composite return of all the portfolio
18	Individual 1000 Clients 3	- 2000 — - 1000 - 2	While size of individual clients is being scored, how is the count of such clients being factored in the process?  Is the service provider with 1 client >2000 Crs to be scored the same as the service provider with 10 clients with >2000 crores?		·	Objective is to have an advisor with mix of client size. This indicates that the advisor has the focus & capability to service clients having different size. This is also to gauge that there is uniformity in servicing the clients irrespective of the size.